

# ERRATA

## CRANE FLOW OF FLUIDS

### THROUGH VALVES, FITTINGS AND PIPE

#### TECHNICAL PAPER NO. 410

#### METRIC VERSION

#### CONTACT

Please address questions and possible errata to [solutions@flowoffluids.com](mailto:solutions@flowoffluids.com)

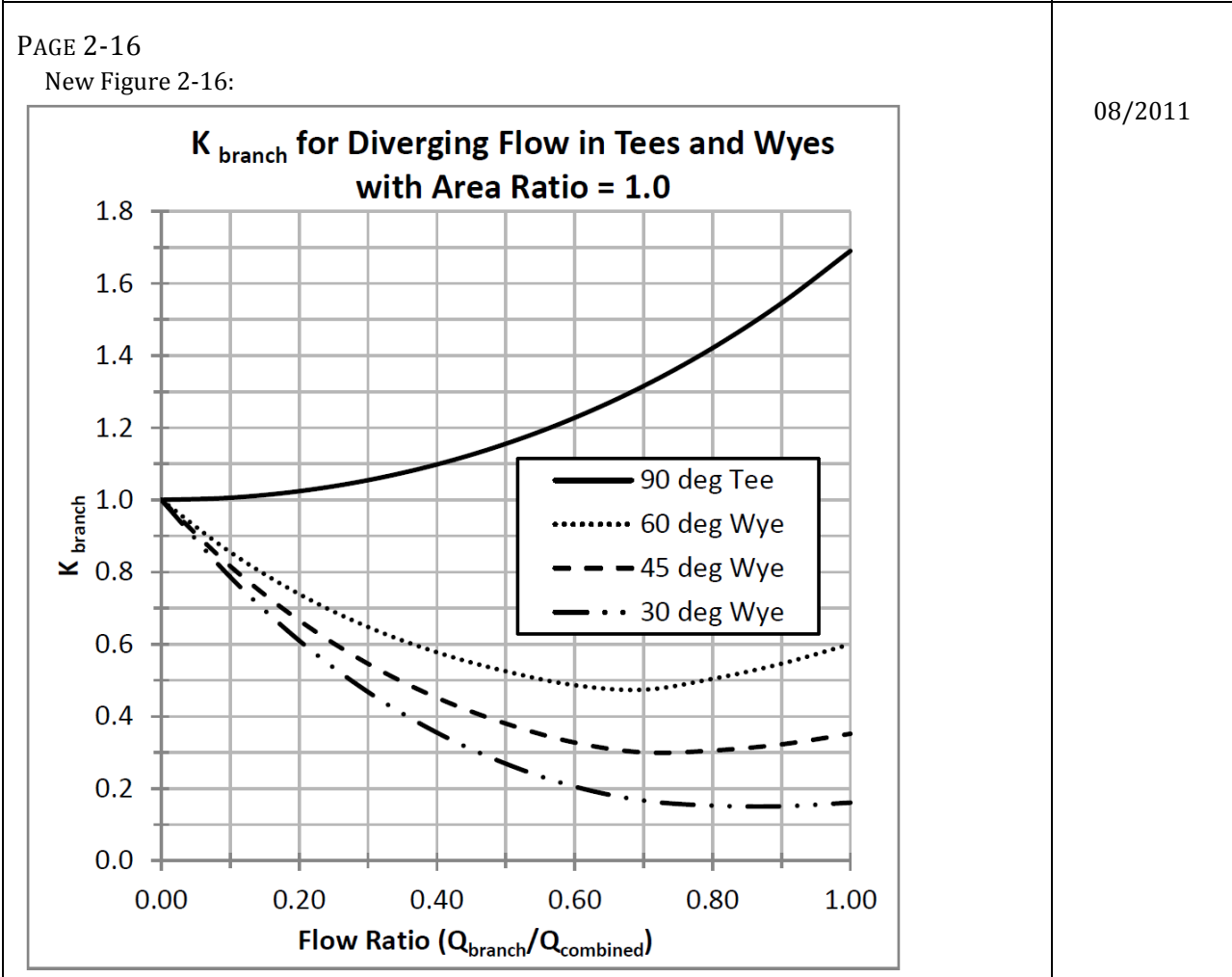
<b>FRONT MATTER</b>	<b>CORRECTION PRINTED</b>
PAGE VI $F_k$ should be $F_\gamma$ “...individual gas constant...(J/kg·k)” should be “...(J/kg·K)” “...universal gas constant...(J/kg·k)” should be “...(J/k mol·K)”	08/2011 10/2010 10/2010
<b>TEXT</b>	
PAGE 1-7 Fig. 1-7 key should be: “5% Reduction of Pipe ID ( $\varepsilon=0.046\text{mm}$ , ID=97.2mm)	11/2012
PAGE 1-8 k is used in 6 places on this page for the specific heat ratio, k should be replace with $\gamma$ Eq. 1-25 $c = \sqrt{kRT}$ should be $c = \sqrt{\gamma RT}$	11/2012
PAGE 2-5 Steam Flow Tests - Curves 19 to 31, Key - Curve No. 26 is repeated, the first should be 25	11/2012
PAGE 2-7 “...sum of the inverses of the individual resistance of each component:” should be “...sum of the square roots of the inverse of the individual...”  Eq. 2-6 $\frac{1}{K_{Total}} = \frac{1}{K_1} + \frac{1}{K_2} + \frac{1}{K_3} + \dots + \frac{1}{K_n}$ should be $\frac{1}{\sqrt{K_{Total}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_3}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_n}}$	08/2011  08/2011



**Table 2-4: Values of G for Equation 2-37**

		$Q_{branch} / Q_{comb}$	
		$\leq 0.4$	$> 0.4$
$\beta_{branch}^2$	$\leq 0.35$	$G = 1.1 - 0.7 \frac{Q_{branch}}{Q_{comb}}$	$G = 0.85$
	$> 0.35$	$G = 1.0 - 0.6 \frac{Q_{branch}}{Q_{comb}}$	$G = 0.6$
		$\leq 0.6$	$> 0.6$
		$Q_{branch} / Q_{comb}$	

08/2011



08/2011

PAGE 3-4  
Eq. 3-4 should be: 
$$F_p = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sum K}{0.0016} \left( \frac{K_V}{d_{nom,v}^2} \right)^2}}$$

11/2012

The definition should be: $K_{B1} = 1 - \left(\frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom1}}\right)^4$	11/2012
The definition should be: $K_{B2} = 1 - \left(\frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom2}}\right)^4$	11/2012
The definition should be: “ $d_{nom,v}$ = nominal valve size (mm)”	11/2012
The definition should be: “ $d_{nom}$ = nominal pipe size (mm) (1=upstream, 2=downstream)”	11/2012
Eq. 3-5 should be: $K_{reducer}^{inlet} = 0.5 \left[1 - \left(\frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom1}}\right)^2\right]^2$	11/2012
Eq. 3-6 should be: $K_{reducer}^{outlet} = 1.0 \left[1 - \left(\frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom2}}\right)^2\right]^2$	11/2012
Eq. 3-7 should be: $\sum K = 1.5 \left[1 - \left(\frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom}}\right)^2\right]^2$	11/2012
Eq. 3-10 should be: $F_{LP} = \frac{F_L}{\sqrt{1 + F_L^2 \frac{\sum K_i}{0.0016} \left(\frac{K_V}{d_{nom,v}^2}\right)^2}}$	11/2012
Footnote added: “*For use only with control valves per ANSI/ISA 75.01.01, for reducers in pipelines see page 2-11”	10/2010
PAGE 3-5 Eq. 3-13 should be $Y = 1 - \frac{x}{3F_Y x_T}$ Definition of x should read: “x = pressure drop ratio = $\Delta P/P'_1$ ” $F_k$ should be $F_Y$ Eq. 3-14 should be $x_{TP} = \frac{x_T/F_p^2}{1 + x_T \frac{\sum K_i}{0.0018} \left(\frac{K_V}{d_{nom,v}^2}\right)^2}$	08/2011 04/2010 08/2011 11/2012
The definition should be: “ $d_{nom,v}$ = assumed nominal valve size (mm)”	11/2012
PAGE 4-5 Eq. 4-7b $J = \left(\frac{19000\beta}{Re}\right)$ should read: $J = \left(\frac{19000\beta}{Re}\right)^{0.8}$	08/2011
PAGE 4-6 “The data is also plotted on page A-21 of this reference” should be “...page A-22” “Equation 4-16 may be used for orifices...” should be “...Equation 4-14” “1. The specific heat ratio, k.” should be “1. The specific heat ratio, $\gamma$ .”	04/2010 04/2010 08/2011

<p>Eq. 4-15 should be:</p> $Y = 1 - (0.351 + 0.256\beta^4 + 0.93\beta^8) \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{P'_2}{P'_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} \right]$	<p>08/2011</p>
<p>Eq. 4-16 should be:</p> $Y = \left\{ \frac{\gamma \left( \frac{P'_2}{P'_1} \right)^{\frac{2}{\gamma}}}{\gamma - 1} \left[ \frac{1 - \beta^4}{1 - \beta^4 \left( \frac{P'_2}{P'_1} \right)^{\frac{2}{\gamma}}} \right] \left[ \frac{1 - \left( \frac{P'_2}{P'_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}}{1 - \left( \frac{P'_2}{P'_1} \right)} \right] \right\}^{0.5}$	<p>08/2011</p>
<p>The paragraph beginning “The expansibility factor has been experimentally determined...” should have the following added at the end: “For the purposes of accurate metering, the expansibility factor equations should be limited to conditions when the pressure ratio is greater than 0.80 (<math>P'_2/P'_1 \geq 0.80</math>) per the ASME standard. There are some critical flow applications discussed in the next section where stringent metering accuracy is not a requirement, and therefore the charts on page A-22 reflect a greater range of pressure ratios.”</p>	<p>08/2011</p>
<p>The paragraph beginning “Values of k for some ...” shall have the terms “k” replaced with the terms “<math>\gamma</math>”.</p>	<p>08/2011</p>
<p>The paragraph beginning “The critical pressure ratio is the largest ratio...” shall be rewritten as follows: “The critical pressure ratio <math>r_c</math> is the largest ratio of downstream pressure to upstream pressure capable of producing sonic velocity. Values of critical pressure ratio which are a function of the ratio of nozzle diameter to upstream diameter as well as the specific heat ratio <math>\gamma</math> are plotted on page A-22, and are derived from the following relationship<sup>46</sup>.”</p>	<p>08/2011</p>
<p>Add Eq. 4-17:</p> $r_c^{\frac{1-\gamma}{\gamma}} + \left( \frac{\gamma - 1}{2} \right) \beta^4 r_c^{\frac{2}{\gamma}} = \frac{\gamma + 1}{2}$	<p>08/2011</p>
<p>The paragraph beginning “Flow through nozzles and venturi meters...” shall be rewritten as follows: “Flow through nozzles and venturi meters is limited by the critical pressure ratio. Other applications which require the determination of a mass flow rate under critical conditions include equipment ruptures and pressure relief valves. In these cases, the stringent accuracy of metering applications is not required, and therefore the expansibility factors can be taken at pressure ratios below 0.80. Minimum values of Y to be used in Equation 4-14 for this condition, are indicated on the plots on page A-22 by the termination of the curves at <math>P'_2/P'_1 = r_c</math>.”</p>	<p>08/2011</p>
<p>PAGE 6-2</p> <p>Viscosity Conversion should be <math>\nu = \frac{\mu}{\rho'} = \frac{\mu}{S_{4^\circ\text{C}}} = \frac{1000\mu}{\rho}</math></p>	<p>08/2011</p>

<p>PAGE 6-3</p> <p>Eq. 6-9 should be:</p> $\Delta P_{per\ metre} = 6.05 \times 10^{10} \frac{Q^{1.85}}{C^{1.85}d^{4.87}}$ $\Delta P = 6.05 \times 10^{10} \frac{LQ^{1.85}}{C^{1.85}d^{4.87}}$ $h_L = \frac{\Delta P}{\rho g} = 6.177 \times 10^6 \frac{LQ^{1.85}}{C^{1.85}d^{4.87}}$	<p>08/2011</p> <p>08/2011</p> <p>08/2011</p>
<p>PAGE 6-4</p> <p>Eq. 6-17 <math>v_S = c = \sqrt{kRT}</math> should be <math>v_S = c = \sqrt{\gamma RT}</math></p> <p><math>v_S = c = \sqrt{kP'\bar{V}}</math> should be <math>v_S = c = \sqrt{\gamma P'\bar{V}}</math></p>	<p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p>
<p>PAGE 6-5</p> <p>Eq. 6-25 <math>\frac{1}{K_{Total}} = \frac{1}{K_1} + \frac{1}{K_2} + \frac{1}{K_3} + \dots + \frac{1}{K_n}</math> should be <math>\frac{1}{\sqrt{K_{Total}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_3}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{K_n}}</math></p> <p>Eq. 6-32 <math>q = YCA\sqrt{2gh_L} = YCA\sqrt{\frac{2g\Delta P}{\rho}}</math> should be <math>q = YCA\sqrt{2gh_L} = YCA\sqrt{\frac{2\Delta P}{\rho}}</math></p>	<p>08/2011</p> <p>08/2011</p>
<p>PAGE 6-6</p> <p>Eq. 6-34 should be: <math>F_P = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sum K}{0.0016} \left(\frac{K_V}{d_{nom,v}^2}\right)^2}}</math></p> <p><math>K_B = 1 - \left(\frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom}}\right)^4</math></p> <p>Eq. 6-35 should be: <math>K_{reducer}^{inlet} = 0.5 \left[1 - \left(\frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom1}}\right)^2\right]^2</math></p> <p><math>K_{reducer}^{outlet} = 1.0 \left[1 - \left(\frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom2}}\right)^2\right]^2</math></p> <p>Eq. 6-36 should be: <math>\sum K = 1.5 \left[1 - \left(\frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom}}\right)^2\right]^2</math></p> <p>Eq. 6-37 should be: <math>F_{LP} = \frac{F_L}{\sqrt{1 + F_L^2 \frac{\sum K_i}{0.0016} \left(\frac{K_V}{d_{nom,v}^2}\right)^2}}</math></p> <p>Eq. 6-38 should be corrected as follows:  <math>Y = 1 - \frac{x}{3F_\gamma x_T}</math> without fittings</p>	<p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>08/2011</p>

$Y = 1 - \frac{x}{3F_Y x_{TP}} \text{ with fittings}$	08/2011
$x_{TP} = \frac{x_T/F_p^2}{\sqrt{1+x_T \frac{\sum K_i}{0.0018} \left(\frac{K_V}{d_{nom,v}^2}\right)^2}}$	11/2012
$F_Y = \frac{\gamma}{1.4} = \frac{c_p/c_v}{1.4}$	08/2011
Eq. 6-39 should be corrected as follows:	
$x \geq F_Y x_T \text{ without fittings}$	08/2011
$x \geq F_Y x_{TP} \text{ with fittings}$	08/2011
<p>PAGE 7-2</p> <p>Ex. 7-3 “for graphical solutions of steps 5 through 7, use pages A-31 &amp; A-32” should be removed</p> <p>Ex. 7-3 5. Should be <math>C_V = 29.84 \frac{3.826^2}{\sqrt{2.475}} = 277.7</math></p>	08/2011
<p>PAGE 7-6</p> <p>Ex. 7-10 “...as described in Example 6-4...” should be “...Example 7-4...”</p>	10/2010
<p>PAGE 7-7</p> <p>Ex. 7-12 7. <math>K_{orifice} = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{1-\beta^4(1-C_d^2)}}{C_d\beta^4} - 1 \right]^2</math> should be <math>K_{orifice} = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{1-\beta^4(1-C_d^2)}}{C_d\beta^2} - 1 \right]^2</math></p>	10/2010
<p>PAGE 7-8</p> <p>Ex. 7-14 Should be: “Find: The velocity in both the 100 and 125 mm pipe sizes...”</p>	11/2012
<p>PAGE 7-9</p> <p>Ex. 7-15, Schematic - Should be: “65mm Globe Lift Check Valve with...”</p> <p>7. Should be: “For 150 metres of 80 mm Schedule 40 pipe,”</p>	11/2012 11/2012
<p>PAGE 7-10</p> <p>Ex. 7-17 1. should be: <math>t = \frac{9}{5} t_c + 32</math></p> <p>2. should be: <math>t = \left(\frac{9}{5} \times 15.6\right) + 32 = 60^\circ\text{F}</math></p>	08/2011 08/2011

<p>PAGE 7-16 Ex. 7-25 Should be: "Find: The discharge rate in cubic metres per second..."</p>	<p>11/2012</p>
<p>PAGE 7-17 Ex. 7-26 23. "f = 0.0155" should reference page A-25 rather than A-24 24. Should be "...flow rate will be 89400 litres/min."</p>	<p>10/2010 11/2012</p>
<p>PAGE 7-18</p> <p>Ex. 7-27 5. should be: <math>\sum K = 1.5 \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom}} \right)^2 \right]^2 = 1.5 \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{80}{100} \right)^2 \right]^2 = 0.194</math></p> $F_P = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{\sum K}{0.0016} \left( \frac{K_V}{d_{nom,v}^2} \right)^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{0.194}{0.0016} \left( \frac{98}{80^2} \right)^2}} = 0.986$ <p>...effective Kv of (98)(0.986)=96.6</p> <p>6. should be: <math>F_P = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{0.194}{0.0016} \left( \frac{72.8}{80^2} \right)^2}} = 0.992</math></p> <p>7. should be: <math>K_V = \frac{q_h}{F_P \sqrt{\frac{p_1 - p_2}{s}}} = \frac{57}{0.992 \sqrt{\frac{5.54 - 4.94}{0.979}}} = 73.40</math></p> <p>8. "will be throttled to a Kv = 73.47" should be "Cv = 73.40"</p>	<p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p>
<p>PAGE 7-19</p> <p>Ex. 7-28 2. Should be: <math>\sum K_i = 0.5 \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom1}} \right)^2 \right]^2 + \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{d_{nom,v}}{d_{nom1}} \right)^4 \right]</math></p> $\sum K_i = 0.5 \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{80}{100} \right)^2 \right]^2 + \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{80}{100} \right)^4 \right]$ $\sum K_i = 0.0648 + 0.5904 = 0.6552$ <p>3. Should be: <math>F_{LP} = \frac{F_L}{\sqrt{1 + F_L^2 \frac{\sum K_i}{0.0016} \left( \frac{K_V}{d_{nom,v}^2} \right)^2}}</math></p> $F_{LP} = \frac{0.9}{\sqrt{1 + 0.9^2 \left( \frac{0.6552}{0.0016} \right) \left( \frac{73.40}{80^2} \right)^2}} = 0.8810$ <p>4. Should be: <math>q_{h \max} = \left( \frac{0.8810}{0.992} \right) (73.40) \sqrt{\frac{5.54 - (0.9495 \times 0.312)}{0.979}}</math></p> $q_{h \max} = 150.9 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr}$ <p>5. should be: <math>\Delta p_{\max} = \left( \frac{0.8810}{0.992} \right) [5.54 - (0.9495 \times 0.312)]</math></p>	<p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p> <p>11/2012</p>

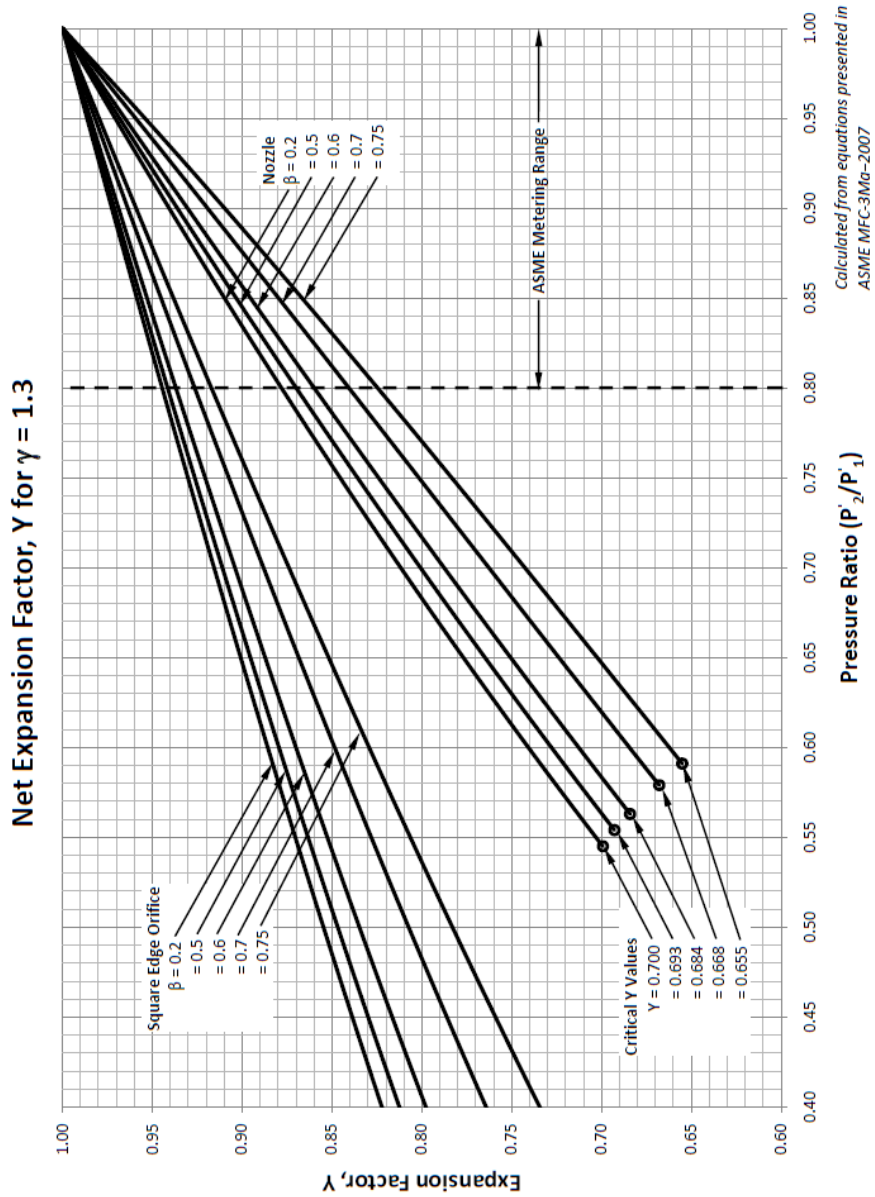


$\Delta p_{max} = 4.14 \text{ bar}$	
<p>PAGE 7-20 Ex. 7-29 Should be: "Find: The flow rate in litres per minute"</p>	<p>11/2012</p>
<p>PAGE 7-21</p> <p>Ex. 7-31 1. Should be <math>NRPD = \Delta P \left[ \frac{\sqrt{1-\beta^4(1-c_d^2)}-c_d\beta^2}{\sqrt{1-\beta^4(1-c_d^2)}+c_d\beta^2} \right]</math></p> <p>5. Should be <math>NRPD = 1.732 \left[ \frac{\sqrt{1-0.395^4(1-0.982^2)}-0.982 \times 0.395^2}{\sqrt{1-0.395^4(1-0.982^2)}+0.982 \times 0.395^2} \right] = 1.272 \text{ psi}</math></p>	<p>08/2011</p> <p>08/2011</p>
<p>PAGE 7-23 Ex. 7-34 Should be: "Find: The...and average power cost of €0.08/kWh"</p>	<p>11/2012</p>
<p><b>APPENDICES</b></p>	
<p>PAGE A-19 Total Temp headings: 160, 180, 200, 220, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 550, 650</p> <p>Should be: 340, 360, 380, 400, 420, 440, 460, 500, 550, 600, 650</p>	<p>04/10</p>
<p>PAGE A-21 Flow Coefficient C for Venturi Nozzles : Should be: "...equations presented in ASME MFC-3Ma-2007"</p>	<p>11/2012</p>

PAGE A-22

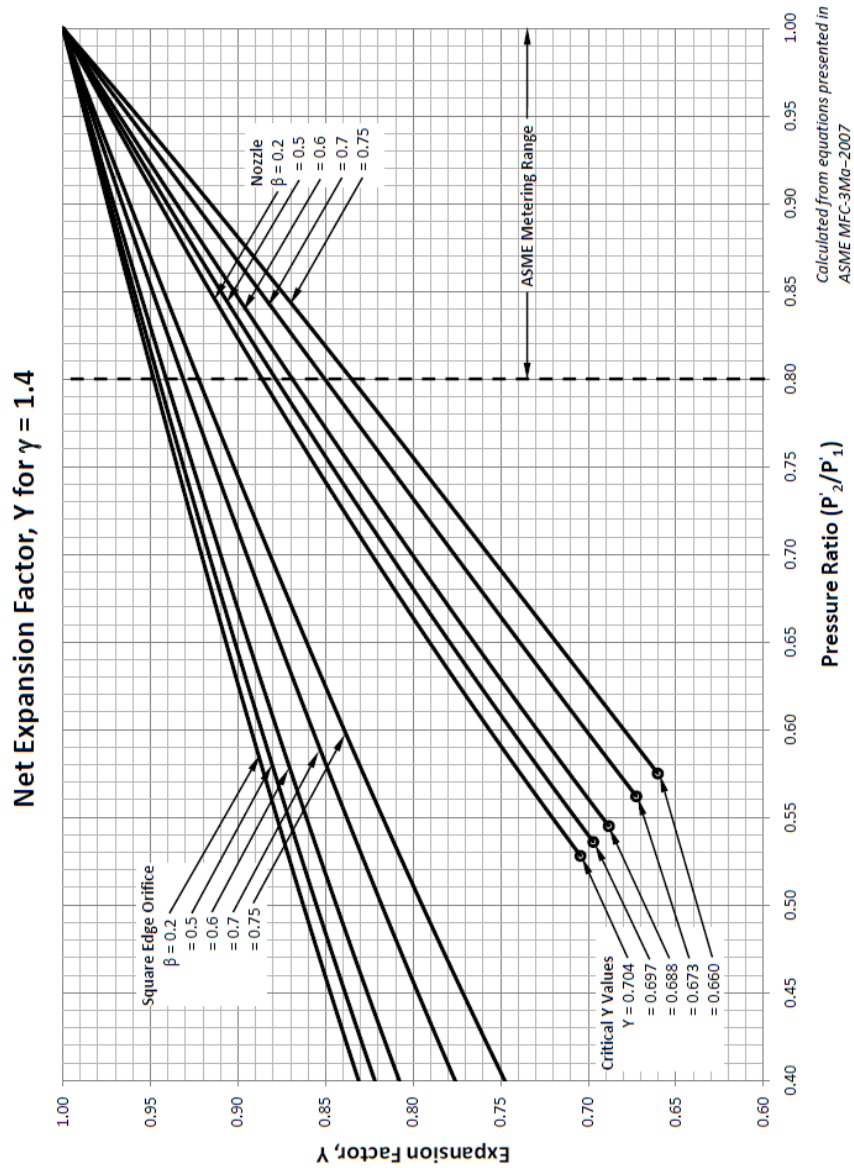
Page title should cite reference 27 and also 46

Graphs should change to the following:



04/2010

10/2010



10/2010

Calculated from equations presented in  
ASME MFC-3Mg-2007

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Critical Pressure Ratio, <math>r_c</math></b> For Compressible Flow through Nozzles and Venturi Tubes<sup>46</sup></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Critical Pressure Ratio, <math>r_c = (P_2/P_1)</math></b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Specific Heat Ratio, <math>\gamma = c_p/c_v</math></b></p>	<p>08/2011</p>
<p>PAGE A-30 Under STANDARD TEES AND WYES delete "For Converging or Diverging Flow:"</p>	<p>04/2010</p>

PAGE B-4 Equivalents of Kinematic and Saybolt Universal Viscosity Should be: "Note: To obtain the Saybolt Universal Viscosity equivalent..."	11/2012